

Management Certified Interiam Financial Statements (First Quarter) As on Aswin 30, 2077 (ie: 2020 October 16)



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A. Condensed Statement of Financial Position

Narayani Development Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As on first quarter ended 30 Ashoj 2077 Amount in "000"

	Bank			
Particulars	This Quarter	Immediate Previes Year Ending		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalent	94,640	104,101		
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	9,460	4,460		
Placement with Bank and Financial Institution	- 1	-		
Derivative financial instruments	-	-		
Other trading assets	-	-		
Loan and advances to B/FIs	-	-		
Loans and advances to customers	3,190	2,994		
Investment securities	283	271		
Current tax assets	9,632	9,632		
Investment in subsidiaries	- -	- -		
Investment in associates	-	-		
Investment property	7,983	7,983		
Property and equipment	644	752		
Goodwill and Intangible assets	-	-		
Deferred tax assets	-	-		
Other assets	5,284	4,062		
Total Assets	131,115	134,254		
	-	-		
Liabilities	-	-		
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-		
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-		
Derivative financial instruments	-	-		
Deposits from customers	27,430	25,849		
Borrowing	-	-		
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-		
Provisions	40,750	40,750		
Deferred tax liabilities	1,955	1,948		
Other liabilities	25,102	25,134		
Debt securities issued	-	-		
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-		
Total liabilities	95,237	93,680		
Equity	-	-		
Share capital	65,617	65,617		
Share premium	-	-		
Retained earnings	(212,209)			
Reserves	182,470	182,461		
Total equity attributable to equity holders	35,878	40,574		
Non-controlling interest	-	-		
Total equity	35,878	40,574		
Total liabilities and equity	131,115	134,254		



B. Condensed Statement of Profit and Loss

Narayani Development Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss As on first quarter ended 30 Ashoj 2077

Amount in "000"

Particulars	Current	Year	Previous Year		
Particulars	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter	This Quarter	Up to this Quarter	
Interest income	155	155	833	833	
Interest expense	136	136	127	127	
Net interest income	19	19	706	706	
Fee and commission income	-	-			
Fee and commission expense	-	-			
Net fee and commission income	-	-			
Net interest, fee and commission in	19	19	706	706	
Net trading income	-	-			
Other operating income	5	5			
Total operating income	24	24	706	706	
Impairment charge/(reversal) for	5	5	(1,676)	(1,676)	
Net operating income	19	19	2,382	2,382	
Operating expense					
Personnel expenses	1,135	1,135	572	572	
Other operating expenses	3,478	3,478	702	702	
Depreciation & Amortization	108	108	-	-	
Operating Profit	(4,702)	(4,702)	1,108	1,108	
Non operating income	-	-			
Non operating expense	-	-			
Profit before income tax	(4,702)	(4,702)	1,108	1,108	
Income tax expense					
Current Tax	-	-			
Deferred Tax	3	3			
Profit for the period	(4,705)	(4,705)	1,108	1,108	
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share	(1.79)	(1.79)	1.69	1.69	
Diluted earnings per share	(1.79)	(1.79)	1.69	1.69	

Ratio as per NRB Directives

	First Quarter (As		
Particular	at 30.06.2077)	As at 31.03.2077	As at 30.6.2076
Capital Fund To RWA	44.30%	33.53%	-25.43%
Non Performing Loan (NPL) To Total			
Loan	72.98%	74.23%	100.00%
Total Loan Loss provision To Total NPL	100.37%	100.31%	100.35%
Cost of Fund	1.98%	1.92%	1.97%
Credit To Deposit Ratio	43.47%	45.35%	29.68%
Base Rate	65.78%		
Interest Spread	3.21%	18.37%	41.50%



C. Statement of Other Comprehensive Income

Narayani Development Bank Limited

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the first quarter ended on 30 Ashwin 2077

Amount in '000'

Profit for the year (4,705) (4,705)	Previous iis Quarter 1,108	Up to this Quarter
	1,108	
		1,108
Other comprehensive income, net of income ta		
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or		
Gain/(loss) from investments in equity 13 13 Gain/(loss) on revaluation		
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan		
Income tax relating to above items (4) (4)		
Net other comprehensive income that will not		
be reclassified to profit or loss 9 9	-	-
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profite		
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge		
Exchange gain/(losses) arising from translating		
financial assets of foreign operation		
Income tax relating to above items		
Net other comprehensive income that are or		
may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
c) Share of other comprehensive income of		
associate accounted as per equity method		
Other comprehensive income for the period, ne 9 9	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period(4,696)(4,696)	1,108	1,108
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Fquity holders of the Pank (4 606) (4 606)	1 100	1 100
Equity holders of the Bank (4,696) (4,696) (4,696)	1,108	1,108
Total comprehensive income for the period (4,696) (4,696)	1,108	1,108
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D. Statement of Change in Equity

Statement of Changes in Equity

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For the first quater ended on 30 Ashwin 2077 Ar						Amou	nt in '000'						
				Attri	outable t	o Equity H	olders o	of the Ba	ink			ling	>
Particulars	Share Capital	Proposed Bonus Share	Share Premium	General Reserve	Exchange Equalization	Regulatory Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earning	Other Reserve	Total	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at 1 Sawan 2077	55,572	10,045	-	108,174	-	7,964	151	-	(207,415)	66,082	40,574	-	40,574
Adjustment/Restatement													
Adjusted/Restated balance at 1 Sawan 2076													
Comprehensive income for the year													
Profit for the year									(4,704.68)	-	(4,705)		(4,705)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax													
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (assets)													
Fair value reserve (Investment in equity instrument):													
Net change in fair value							9	-	-	-	9	-	9
Net amount transferred to profit or loss													
Gain on sale of share transferred to retained earning									-		-		-
Net gain (loss) on revaluation													
Cash flow hedges:													
Effective portion of changes in fair value													
Net Amount reclassified to profit or loss													
Total comprehensive income for the year													
Transfer of equity on merger and acquisition													
Transfer to reserve during the year													
Transfer from reserve during the year													
Provision for NBA transferred to regulatory reserve													
Transfer to Corporate Social responsibility reserve						`							
Transfer to Staff Training Fund													
Addition in calls in advance											-		-
Transactions with owners, directly recognized in equity													
Right share issued													
Dividends to equity holders													
Bonus shares issued													
Cash dividend paid													
Total contributions by and distributions													
Balance at Ashoj end 2077	55,572	10,045	-	108,174	-	7,964	160	-	(212,119)	66,082	35,878	-	35,878

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E. Statement of Cash Flow

Narayani Development Bank Limited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cashflow For the first quarter ended on 30 Ashwin 2077

Amount in '000'

ParticularsImmediate This QuarterImmediate Previes Year EndingCASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Interest received1552,378Fees and other income receivedDivided receivedReceipts from other operating activities56,495Interest paid(116)(495)Commission and fees paid(1,15)2,285)Commission and fees paid(1,15)2,285)Commission and fees paidCommission and fees paidCommon vegal Rastra BankPlacement with bank and financialDue from Nepal Rastra BankDue to bank and financialDue to bank and financial institutionsDue to abank and financial institutionsDue to bank and financial institutionsDue to bank and financial activitiesCother liabilities </th <th></th> <th colspan="3">Bank</th>		Bank		
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		108,561	57,099	
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalent 104,099 108.561		-	-	
	Closing Cash and Cash Equivalent	104,099	108,561	



F. Detail about distributable profit/Loss

Narayani Development Bank Limited

Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss	Amount in '000'
	First Quarter (As at
Particulars	30.06.2077)
Opening Retained Earning	(207,504)
Dividend To Shareholders	
Retained Earnings taken on acquisition	
Gain from investment on sale of shares transferred from OCI to	
retained earning	
Adjusted Retained Earning available for distribution before current	
quarter profit/loss	(207,504)
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	(4,705)
Appropriations:	
a. General reserve	
b. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	
c. Capital redemption reserve	
d. Corporate social responsibility fund	
e. Employees' training fund	
f. Other	
Profit or (loss) before regulatory adjustment	(212,209)
Regulatory adjustment :	
a. Interest receivable (-)/previous accrued interest received (+)	
b. Short loan loss provision in accounts (-)/reversal (+)	
c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/reversal (+)	
d. Short loan loss provision on Non Banking Assets (-)/reversal (+)	
e. Deferred tax assets recognized (-)/ reversal (+)	
f. Goodwill recognized (-)/ impairment of Goodwill (+)	
g. Bargain purchase gain recognized (-)/reversal (+)	
h. Actuarial loss recognized (-)/reversal (+)	
i. Other (+/-)	
Distributable profit or (loss)	(212,209)



G. Notes to Interiam Financial Statement

1. Basis of Preparation

The interim financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) adopted by the Accounting Standard Board of Nepal.

2. Statement of Compliance

2.1 Statement of Compliance

- The financial statements are prepared in line with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (to the extent of carve out pronounced by ICAN, as stated in note 2.1.1) as issued by Accounting Standards Board Nepal and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN).
- Nepal Rastra Bank issued circular for reporting format of financial institutions in line with NFRS on November 30, 2017 along with treatment of certain items in the specified reserves. The financial statements are prepared in line with the stated circular, accordingly, are in compliance with regulatory requirement of Nepal Rastra Bank. The financial statements also comply the requirements of Companies Act 2063 and policy, procedures and directives of Securities Board of Nepal.

2.1.1 Use of Carve-out

ICAN has pronounced carve out on specific areas for alternative treatment of the items of financial statements required as per NFRS. Based on such, Bank has used following carve out for preparation and presentation of financial statements in line with NFRS.

a) Operating Lease

As per para 33 of NAS 17 Lease, lease expenses under operating lease is charged over the lease term on straight line unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit. The carve-out has allowed to treat expenses under operating lease as the expenses are incurred in case payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. This carve out has been used and lease expenses relating to operating lease are accounted as incurred.

b) Impairment Loss on Loan and Advances

As per para 63 of NAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, impairment loss is calculated on incurred loss model. The carve out has allowed to use higher amount of loss calculated as per para 63 or as per NRB Directives 2/075. Bank has used this carve out and presented the impairment loss calculated as per NRB Directives. Since all of the loans to customers have been considered loss as per NRB Directives and impairment loss is provided at 100%, calculation and disclosure of impairment loss as per NAS 39 is not required.



• Loans to employees are outstanding since a long time and the employees have left the institution. Hence, the management has considered all of the loans to employees impaired and an impairment provision at 100% is made. In view of 100% impairment provision staff unwinding is not done.

c) Effective Interest Rate

As per the definition of effective interest rate (EIR) as per para 9 of NAS 39, all the initial points paid or received is required to be considered for calculation of EIR and the same EIR is used to calculate interest on loans and advances. As per the carve out, if calculation of EIR is impracticable or immaterial, then such could be ignored. Bank has used the carve out and has not considered initial points paid or received on loans to be part of EIR, rather such amount has been accounted as income on accrual basis.

d) Interest income on amortized loan after impairment recognition

As per para AG63 of NAS 39, Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is thereafter recognized using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The carve out provides that interest income can be calculated on gross carrying amount of loan. Bank has used the stated carve out in preparing the financial statements.

2.2 Reporting Period and Approval of Financial Statements

2.2.1 Reporting Period

The reporting period for this financial statements is first quarter 2077-78, starting from 1 Shrawan 2077 and ending on 30 Ashoj 2077. Financial information of following period/dates are provided on the financial statements.

- Comparative NFRS financial statements (financial statements as on and for the period ended on 30 Ashoj 2077)
- NFRS financial statements for current period (financial statements as on and for the period ended on 30 Ashoj 2077)

2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupee, which is also the functional currency of Bank. Figures are rounded off to nearest Rupee, accordingly, minor rounding off error may exist.

3. Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future events. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated based on historical experience and other



factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual result may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions that might result in adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are on the following components:

1. Classification of financial assets

Classification of financial assets into Amortized cost or at fair value (either through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income) depends upon the intention of management whether to hold or trade the assets. At the reporting dates, the classification been based on the intention of management on particular group of financial assets. The classification of financial assets may change based on the economic circumstances and intention of management.

2. Fair value of financial assets

- Fair value of financial statements is determined on three levels on the basis of available market on reporting date and the measurement may change depending on available market circumstances.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in an active market is the closing price on the reporting dates. Whenever the instruments are not actively traded in active market, they are determined using other techniques considering the observable market inputs to the extent possible.
- The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy as provided in NFRS 13.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Bank can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Company has used its own data (accounting value) and considered if there exists factors that would otherwise result in changes to the book value of assets or liabilities.

3. Impairment loss on financial assets

• Impairment loss on loans and advances to customers is provided on the higher of loan loss provision as per NRB Directive 2075 and para 63 of NAS 39 (see note 2.1.1(b)). Impairment on other financial assets measured at ammortized cost is provided only in case of objective evidence that the impairment loss has incurred. Impairment loss on other financial assets is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original EIR. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly by recognizing the loss in profit or loss.



• Impairment loss on loans and advances to customers as per NRB Directive 2075 is 100 % of oustanding loans, Hence impairment loss on loans and advances to customers as per para 63 of NAS 39 is not considered. No provision for impairment loss is made to other financial assets as there is no objective evidence of impairment loss on such assets.

4. Useful life and salvage value of property and equipment.

Management reconsiders the economic useful life and salvage value of property and equipment on each reporting dates based on the information available on such dates.

5. Impairment loss of non financial assets

Impairment loss is calculated if carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For recoverable amount, value in use is estimated and an estimated discount rate is used to arrive the present value of value in use.

6. Current Tax and Deferred tax

Significant management judgment is required to arrive at the figure of current tax and deferred tax, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The Bank based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared.

7. Employee benefit obligations

Judgment is required to determine the estimated liability that shall arise on part of accumulated leave of staff which is generally paid out on retirement or termination of employment. Valuation of such has to be done by qualified actuary using assumption like interest rate, rate of increase in annual compensation, remaining service period etc. Factors considered may change depending on market changes or legal changes which are beyond the control of the company. However, bank has not carried out any actuarial valuation for such liability and the liability is recognized on the basis of accrued amount as of reporting date.

4. Changes in Accounting Policies

The financial statements are prepared as per NFRS. There are no changes in accounting policy.

5. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies adopted by Bank while preparing financial statements are as follows:

Note No.	Accounting Policy
5.1	Basis of Measurement
5.2	Basis of Consolidation
5.3	Cash and Cash Equivalent
5.4	Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
5.5	Trading Assets



5.6	Derivative Assets and Liabilities
5.7	Property and Equipment
5.8	Goodwill Intangible assets
5.9	Investment Property
5.1	Income tax
5.11	Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities
5.12	Provisions
5.15	Revenue Recognition
5.14	Interest expense
5.15	Employees Benefits
5.16	Leases
5.17	Foreign Currency translation
5.18	Financial guarantee and loan commitment
5.19	Share capital and reserves
5.2	Earning per share including diluted
5.21	Segment reporting

5.1 Basis of Measurement

Financial statements are prepared on historical cost convention except for the following material items:

Particulars	Measurement Basis		
Investment in shares and mutual fund schemes	Fair value		
Non-banking assets	Fair value		
Long term employee benefits	Accrued amount as of reporting date.		
Loans to employees	Amortized cost		

5.2 Basis of consolidation

Bank does not have subsidiary companies, accordingly, consolidation of financial statements is not a requirement.

5.3 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent comprises of cash, demand deposit and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. In general, short term investments with original maturity of up to three months are considered as cash equivalent. Cash and cash equivalent are presented at amortized cost on the financial statements.



5.4 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets is any assets that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or any contractual right to receive cash or financial assets of another entity.

Financial liability is any liability with contractual obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets to another entity.

5.4.1 Recognition

The Bank initially recognizes financial assets or financial liability on the date of which the Bank becomes party to the contractual arrangement.

5.4.2 Classification and Measurement

Financial Assets: The classification and measurement of financial assets depend on how these are managed i.e. the Bank's business model and their contractual cash-flow characteristics. Based on these factors, financial assets are classified on following three categories:

- i) At Amortized Cost
- ii) At Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL)
- iii) At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

i) At amortized cost: Financial assets at amortized cost are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments for which the Bank has intent and ability to hold till maturity. They are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, such financial assets are measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method less any impairment losses.

ii) At fair value through profit or loss: Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss if the Bank manages such instruments and makes purchases and sales decisions based on its fair value. Attributable transaction costs and changes in fair value are taken to profit or loss.

iii) At fair value through other comprehensive income: Financial assets at FVOCI are non-derivative financial assets that are not classified in any of the above category. Financial assets at FVOCI are measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value, as far as such fair value is available, and changes therein are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the fair value reserve in equity. Bank has opted to classify the investment made in shares as financial assets at FVOCI on initial recognition.

Financial Liabilities: Bank classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantee and loan commitments, as measured at amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss. Financial liability is measured initially at fair value, or an item not at fair value through profit or loss, at transactions costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

5.4.3 De-recognition

Financial Assets

Financial assets are partially or fully de-recognized in any of the following condition:

• termination of contractual rights to cash flow



- upon transfer of contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risk and rewards of the ownership of the financial assets are transferred or in which the Bank neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risk and rewards of the ownership and it does not retain control of the financial assets.
- On derecognition of a financial assets, the difference between the carrying amount of the assets (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the assets derecognized) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new assets obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in OCI is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

• Financial Liabilities

Upon settlement or termination of any liability related to financial liability, financial liability is de-recognized. The difference between carrying amount and settlement amount is accounted through statement of profit or loss.

5.4.4 Determination of fair value

- Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is initially considered based on quoted rate where the assets or liabilities are principally transaction, in the absence of which the most advantageous market is the active market.
- When available, the Bank measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. The market is regarded as active if transactions for the assets or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Bank uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Assets and liabilities carried at fair value or for which fair values are disclosed have been classified into three levels according to the observability of the significant inputs used to determine the fair values.

Level 1: Fair value is determined based on quoted price of financial instruments in active market.

Level 2: Fair value is determined based on quoted price of similar financial instruments within consideration to significant observable inputs.

Level 5: Fair value is determined used using other method as the inputs for valuation are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Bank has used its own data (accounting value) and considered if there exists factors that would otherwise result in changes to the book value of assets or liabilities for this level of valuation.

5.4.5 Impairment



- At each reporting date, the Bank assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets are impaired. The financial assets or a group of financial assets is impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset that can be estimated reliably.
- Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:
 - significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer
 - default or delinquency by a borrower

'- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Bank on terms that the Bank would not consider otherwise;

- indication that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy
- the disappearance of an active market for a security; or

- observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group.

- In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its net worth below its book value is objective evidence of impairment.
- The Bank considers evidences of impairment for loans and advances and investment securities at both specific asset and at collective level. All individually significant loans and advances and investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Loans and advances and investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and investment securities with similar risk characteristics.
- In assessing the collective impairment, the Bank uses the statistical modeling of historic trends of the probability of default, the time of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred and makes an adjustment if the current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than is suggested by historic trends. Default rates, loss rates and expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against the actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.
- Impairment losses on assets measured at amortized cost are calculated as difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate.
- Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables or investment securities. Interest on the impaired assets continues to be recognized through the unwinding of the discount. If an event occurring after the impairment was recognized causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, then the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss (through OCI for



such investments measured at fair value through OCI on which there exists fair value reserve).

• The Bank writes off a loan or an investment security, either partially or in full and any related allowance for impairment losses, when the Bank determines that there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

5.4.6 Amortized cost measurement

The 'amortized cost' of a financial asset and financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between initial amount recognized and the maturity amount minus any reduction for impairment.

5.4.7 Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

5.5 Trading assets

Trading assets are those assets that the Bank acquires or incurs principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term, or holds as part of a portfolio that is managed together for short-term profit or position taking.

5.6 Derivatives assets and derivative liabilities

Derivative assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The changes in value of instruments are accounted through profit or loss.

5.7 **Property and Equipment**

Non-financial tangible assets that are held for service providing to customers and for administrative use of the Bank are classified as Property and Equipment.

Recognition

Property and Equipment are recognized in books whenever it is probable that future economic benefits associated with such assets will flow to the entity and the amount of assets can be reliably measured.

Measurement

• At initial recognition, items of property and equipment are measured at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and other directly attributable costs as well as the estimated present value of any future unavoidable costs of dismantling and removing items. The corresponding liability is recognized within provisions. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the



expenditure will flow in to the Bank. Ongoing repair and maintenance are expensed off as incurred.

• Subsequent to the initial measurement, there is option to measure the assets either on cost or on revaluation. Bank has measured all items at cost on subsequent measurement. On transition to NFRS, the Bank has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property and equipment measured as per the previous NAS.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Capital Work in Progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in the assets under capital work in progress (CWIP). At the point when an asset is operating at management's intended use, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences.

Salvage Value

The Bank has assessed the salvage value of all property, plant and equipment considering the expected realizable value on the end of life of such assets.

Depreciation

- Depreciation is charged upon the assets is available for use and does not cease until the assets is disposed off, classified as held for sale or ceases to generate economic benefits.
- Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation on assets under construction does not commence until they are complete and available for use. Depreciation is provided on all other items of property and equipment so as to write-off their carrying value over the expected useful economic lives.
- Items of property and equipment are depreciated on Straight Line Method over their useful life.
- Management of the Bank has assessed useful life and salvage value of property and equipment, as follows:

Items	Estimated useful life	Salvage Value
Building		
Leasehold Properties	Lease period	0
Computer & Accessories		
Vehicle	5	14%
Furniture & Fixture	4	5%
Machinery	5	5%



5.8 Goodwill and Intangible assets

Goodwill

- Goodwill arises on the acquisition financial institutions when the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred exceed the amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. If the amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is greater, the difference is recognized immediately in the Statement of profit or loss.
- Goodwill is allocated to cash generating units (CGU) at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management process. Impairment testing is performed annually, and whenever there is an indication that CGU may be impaired. If the present value of expected cash inflows is less than carrying amount, impairment loss is recognized and accounted through Statement of Profit or Loss. Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Acquired Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are recognized whenever the cost of assets can be reliably measured, by the past experience it is demonstrated Bank has control over such assets for the specified period and it is probable that future economic benefits could be derived from such assets.

Computer Software

- Computer software are capitalized on the basis of the purchase cost of software or license and costs incurred to bring it to use. Cost of internally developed software includes directly attributable costs.
- Intangible assets are amortized over the period of its estimated use, or incase of licenses, over the period of contractual right of use. Whenever there is no specific life or license period, such software are amortized over the period of five years.
- At each reporting date, impairment test of intangible assets is done in order to oversee whether the carrying amount exceeds recoverable amount. Impairment loss is charged to Statement of Profit or Loss.

5.9 Investment Property

- Investment property is land and building held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the supply of services or for administrative purpose.
- Land or building or both acquired by the Bank as part of Non-Banking Assets are carried at the lower of fair value or the total receivable amount of loan, which is the cost of assets to bank.



5.10 Income tax

Income tax expenses include current tax, deferred tax and any adjustments recognized in the period for current tax of prior periods.

• Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of taxable profit. This is calculated as per the provisions of Income Tax Act with the effective tax rate for current period. Taxable profit differs from the profit reported in the statement of profit or loss, because some item of income or expense are taxable or deductible in different years or may never be taxable or deductible. Income tax rate applicable for Bank is 50%.

• Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is calculated using balance sheet approach on temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and carrying amount in the financial statements. Deferred tax is calculated using known future tax rate on each reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized when it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to adjust the impact of temporary differences. Changes in deferred tax over period is recognized as deferred tax income/expenses in Statement of Profit or Loss.

• Income tax on items of OCI

Income tax arising on the items of other comprehensive income is charged to statement of OCI itself.

5.11 Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities

- Deposit are financial liabilities and are generally repayable on demand except fixed period deposit accepted by Bank from its customers.
- The bank borrows money by issuing debt securities and subordinated debt. The borrowing is acknowledged or
- evidenced by issue of a negotiable instrument. The negotiable instrument can be certificate of deposit, commercial paper or debt note. Subordinated debt is issued to meet the capital requirements at bank level and to supply the capital to various operations. This debt generally consists of negotiable instruments and is usually listed on exchanges providing an active secondary market for the debt.

5.12 **Provisions**

• Provision is a liability with uncertain timing and event. Provision is recognized if as a result of a past event, the group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at the pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.



- The institution has deposit in Crystal Finance Limited amounting to Rs. 40,750,155. The institution is declared crisis ridden financial institution by the NRB. In view of this provision is made for the balance in the Crystal Finance.
- Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are i) possible obligations arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed on happening or not happening or uncertain future events not wholly within the control of Bank, or ii)a present obligation arising from past events but are not recognized because outflow of resources to settle may not be required or such amount can not be reliably estimated.
- **Contingent liabilities** are separately disclosed in financial statements.

5.13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized in line with NAS 18 Revenue when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and these benefits can be measured reliably.

5.13.1 Interest income

Interest, in general, is recognized using effective interest rate on the particular assets. Bank has opted to use the carve-out mentioned in Note 2.1.1 (c) and continued to use the actual interest rate to account for interest income.

- Interest, in general, is recognized using effective interest rate on the particular assets. Bank has opted to use the carve-out mentioned in Note 2.1.1 (c) and continued to use the actual interest rate to account for interest income.
- Bank, in general, generates interest income from loan to customers and on investment in debt securities.

5.13.2 Fee and commission income

• Fees and commissions are generally recognized on an accrual basis when the service has been provided or

significant act performed. the fees and commission income and expense that are integral to the effective interest rate on the financial assets and financial liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate. Bank has opted to use carve-out as mentioned in Note 2.1.1 (c) on this matter and accounted all realized fee and commission income upfront.

• Commission on guarantees issued that are for more than one year are immediately accounted as income. If the period of guarantee is more than one year, then proportionate amount of fee is accounted as income.

5.13.5 Dividend income

- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established i.e. dividend is approved by general meeting of companies.
- Dividend income if related to period earlier than the date of acquisition of shares and it amount related to pre and post acquisition could be segregated, then the pre-acquisition period dividend is adjusted to cost of investment.



5.13.4 Net trading income

Income derived from buying/selling of assets and liabilities classified as for trading purpose are accounted as net trading income. Gain and loss on trading assets and liabilities are recognized on mark to market basis and not on realization basis.

5.13.5 Other Operating Income

Income other than interest, fees & commission and trading income are accounted as other operating income. This primarily comprises of changes in foreign exchange rate, dividend income, gain on disposal of non-financial assets etc.

5.14 Interest expense

Interest on deposit accepted from customer and borrowings of the bank are accounted on accrual basis.

5.15 Employees Benefits

- Employee expenses includes the amount paid to employees of bank in respect of their service. Payment in respect of services are for the current service and long term benefits. Long term benefits are in the form of defined contribution plan and defined benefit plan. Expenses under defined contribution plan are accounted as they incur and on defined benefit plan as per accrual on reporting date.
- Short term employee benefits include salary, allowance, encashment of unused leave, provident fund, annual bonus based on profit of the Bank, subsidized loans etc. These are provided as the services are rendered by the employees and measured on undiscounted amount of payment made.
- Long term employee benefits include accumulated leave not encashed during service period. These are generally paid on retirement or termination of service of the employee.
- Employee benefits are provided as per Employee Service Regulation of the Bank.

5.16 Leases

- A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. For arrangements entered into prior to 1 Shrawan 2074 the Bank has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.
- Bank has not entered into finance lease.
- Payment made under operating leases are recognized in profit or loss as per contractual rates with periodic adjustment on inflation rate upto fiscal year 74-75 Also, this method is more representative to the nature of expenses than the Straight line method.
- Thereafter payment made under operating lease is equalised over remaining lease term.



5.17 Foreign Currency Transaction

- Transaction in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions.
- Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing on that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between the amortized cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year, adjusted for effective interest and payment during the year and the amortized cost in the foreign currency translated at the rate of exchange at the reporting date.
- Non monetary assets and liabilities that measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date on which the fair value is determined. Non monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in the foreign currency are translated using the rate of exchange on the date of transactions. The resulting exchange gain or loss differences are generally recognized in Profit or Loss.

5.18 Financial guarantee and loan commitment

- Financial guarantees are contract that require the Fund to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss that incurs because a specified debtors fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Loan commitments' are firm commitments to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions.
- Liabilities arising from financial guarantees or commitments to provide a loan at a below -market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortized over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. The liability is subsequently carried at the higher of this amortized amount and the present value of any expected payment to settle the liability when a payment under the contract has become probable. Financial guarantees and commitments to provide a loan at a below market interest rate included within other liabilities.

5.19 Share Capital and Reserves

5.19.1 Share Capital

- Equity share capital is financial instruments issued by the company only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of financial liabilities.
- All the issued shares are paid up and are listed with Nepal Stock Exchange for the purpose of trading by shareholders. All shares have right to vote on the basis of no. of shares hold. Bank does not have shares of other kind other than ordinary shares.
- **Proposed Bonus Share**: The proposed bonus shares have not been issued to the shareholders as it may violate the restriction of maximum shareholding limitation of 15%. The shares will be issued after the shareholding is brought within the above limit.



5.19.1 Reserves

Bank has created various types of reserves as part of regulatory requirement.

a. General Reserve

General reserve is the statutory reserve. In this reserve, the amount transformed from appropriation of net profit according to the Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 2075 shall be included. No type of dividend (cash or bonus share) shall be distributed from the amount in general/statutory reserve. Approval of NRB shall be required in order to use the amount in this reserve.

b. Exchange Equalization Reserve

Exchange equalization reserve is a statutory reserve. A bank which has earned foreign exchange revaluation gain on foreign currency other than India currency has to allocate 25 percent of such revaluation gain to this reserve as per provision of the Bank and Financial Institution Act. Any amount allocated to exchange equalization reserve as per the provision of the Bank and Financial Institutions Act, shall be presented under this heading.

c. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserve

In line with clause 16 of Directive 16/075, Bank is required to allocate 1% of its net profit for the year for CSR and is required to create CSR Reserve. The amount appropriated to this reserve is expensed off as prescribed in the same Directive in the next fiscal year.

d. Regulatory Reserve

This is specific reserve created in line with NRB Directive 4. All the adjustments made in NFRS that are different from earlier NRB Directives are included in this fund. This fund is not available for distribution of dividend. The provision for NBA as required by GAAP but not required by NFRS is included in regulatory reserve.

e. Capital Reserve

The capital reserve represents the amount of those reserves which are in nature of capital and which shall not be available for distribution of cash dividend. The amount from share forfeiture due to non-payment of remaining amount for the unpaid shares, capital grants received in cash or kind, capital reserve arising out of merger and acquisition etc. should be presented under this heading.

f. Fair Value Reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets that are measured at fair value and the changes in fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income, until the assets are derecognized. The cumulative amount of changes in fair value of those financial assets shall be presented under this account head.

g. Actuarial Gain Reserve

This reserve is for presenting the OCI component of defined benefit obligations. This is not an actual reserve.

h. Special Reserve



In line with circular no. 12/072/075, the interest capitalized on loan that have been restructured or rescheduled because of the borrower facing difficulty resulting from earthquake in 2072 is kept in this reserve. The reserve is required to be maintained till the loan is settled.

i. Assets Revaluation Reserve

Any reserve created from revaluation of assets (such as Property & Equipment, Intangible Assets, Investment Property) shall be presented under this heading. Revaluation reserves often serve as a cushion against unexpected losses but may not be fully available to absorb unexpected losses due to the subsequent deterioration in market values and tax consequences of revaluation.

j. Capital Redemption Reserve

This head shall include the statutory reserve created for making payment towards Redeemable Non-Convertible Preference Shares.

k. Dividend Equalization Reserve

For the purpose of maintaining uniformity in dividend payment, certain amount of profit during the year of profit making may be transferred shall be presented under this account head. Dividend may be distributed by debiting this account with the approval of the Board of Directors and endorsed by the General meeting.

I. Investment Adjustment Reserve

It is a regulatory reserve created as a cushion for adverse price movements in bank's investments as directed by the Directives of Nepal Rastra Bank.

m. Capital Adjustment/ Equilization Fund

Calls in advance towards subscription to sharecapital and amount set aside for increasing the capital of the institution to fullfill minimum capital requirement are presented under this head.

5.19.3 Share Premium

The amount of money collected on issue of shares in excess of its face value shall be presented under this heading. The outstanding amount in this account shall not be considered eligible for distribution of cash dividend.

5.19.4 Retained Earning

The accumulated profits which has not been distributed to shareholders and has been ploughed back in the licensed institutions' operations and is free for distribution to the shareholders is be presented under this heading. There is no unrealised gain on sale of investment during first quarter (ie 50 Ashoj 2077).

5.20 Earning per share including diluted

The Bank measures earning per share on the basis of the earning attributable to the equity shareholders for the period. The number of shares is taken as the weighted average number of shares for the relevant period as required by NAS 55 Earnings per Share.



6 Segment reporting

Bank's management has identified its operating segments based on the management of its branches and offices. In line with this, 7 different segments are identified based on 7 Provinces of Nepal on geographical separation basis. The operation, risk, transactions, etc. are more inclined on similar manner on a particular state. All the related income and expenses of such segments are presented in the segment information. Equity, staff bonus, NFRS adjustments and income tax are not segregated and are included in central account. Intra-segment transactions are eliminated. As per NFRS 8, an entity shall disclose information to enable users of its financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business activities in which it engages and the economic environments in which it operates.Bank's management has identified its operating segments based on the management of its branch and offices situated on different geographical location. In line with this, all its branches are located in same province i.e province 3, hence the bank has single operating segment.

Particulars	Province 1	Province 2	Bagmati	Gandaki	Province 5	Province	Province 7	Total
Revenue from external cust	comers							-
Intersegment revenues								-
Net revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income			154,740.36					154,740.36
Interest expenses			135,620.42					135,620.42
Net interest revenue	-	-	19,119.94	-	-	-	-	19,119.94
Depreciation and amortizat	ion		107,882.64					107,882.64
Segment profit/(loss)			(88,762.70)					(88,762.70)

7. Related Party Disclosure

The key management personnel (KMP) are those persons having authority and responsibility of planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any director. Key Management Personnel of the Bank includes members of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and top level executive managers. Followings are a list of key managerial personnel as at Ashwin end 2077

SN	The key management personnel (KMP)	Relation
1	Mr. Chandraman Maleku	Chairman
2	Mr. Ram Prasad Ropakheti	Director
3	Mr. Ramesh Paudel	Director
4	Mr. Pashupati Poudel	Chief Executive Office



Total financial benefit provided to Key Management Personnel ie. Chief Executive Officer, General Managers and Deputy General Managers of the bank during the period upto Ashoj 30, 2077 (ie first quarter) are presented below::

SN	Particulars	Amount
1	Short term employee benefit	Rs 474,821
2	Post employment benefit	0
3	Other long term employee	
	benefit	Leave encashment benefit is provisioned if available.
4	Termination benefits	0
5	Share based payment	0

8. Dividends paid (aggregate or per share) for ordinary shares and other shares.

No dividends has been distributed on this quarter.

9. Issues, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity Securities

There is no issue, repurchase and repayments of debt and equity securities during the interim period as on Aswin end, 2077.

10. Events after interim period

- These are the events occurring between the reporting date and up to the date of approval of financial statements which are either adjustable or unadjustable.
- Adjustable events are adjusted in the presented financial statements. There are no events that require additional disclosure in the financial statements.

11. Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period including merger and acquisition

NDBL has not merged or acuired other bank till date.